The Victim Safety Net

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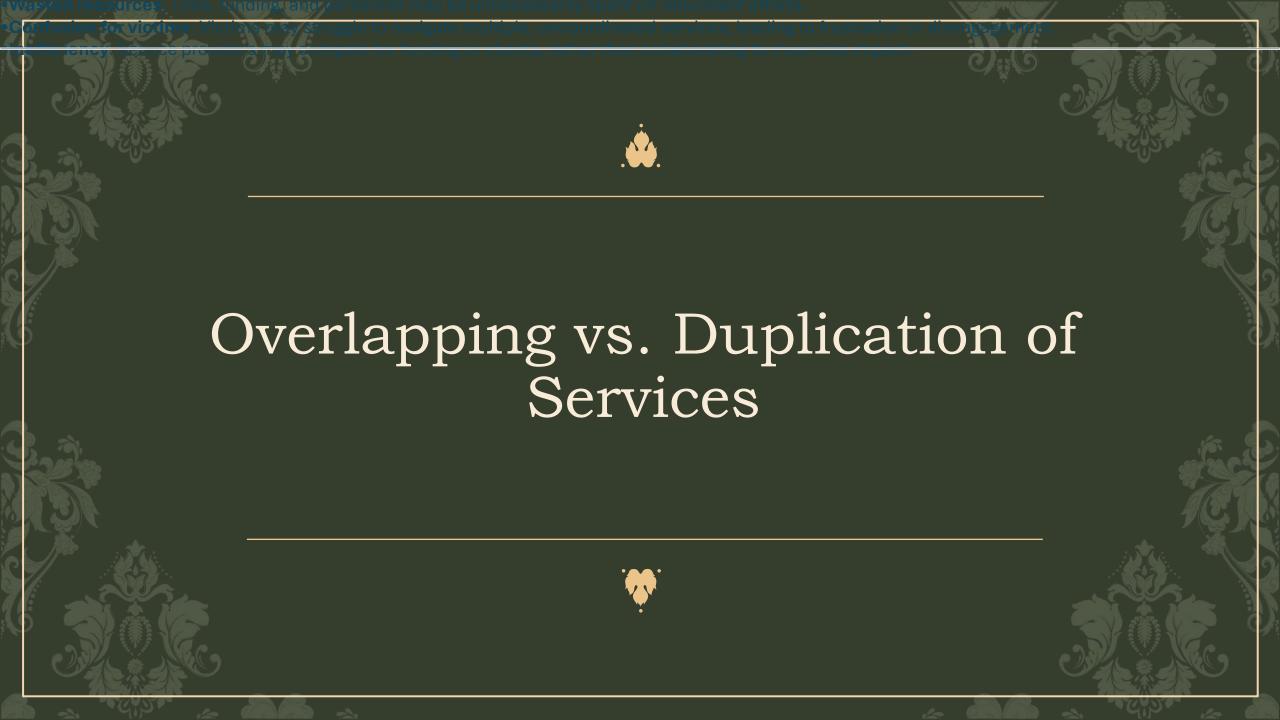




About us

We're all in this together. But who is here today?







Duplicated Victim Services



Duplication occurs when multiple organizations or programs provide the same or very similar services to the same population without coordination. This can lead to:

- Confusion for victims: Victims may have to navigate multiple, uncoordinated services leading to frustration or disengagement.
- Inefficiency: Service providers may compete for funding or clients rather than collaborating to maximize impact.
- Wasted resources: Time, funding, and personnel may be unnecessarily spent on redundant efforts.

Overlapping Victim Services

Overlapping services, on the other hand, refer to situations where different organizations or programs provide complementary or slightly similar services that address different aspects of a victim's needs. This overlap can be **positive** when it is intentional and well-coordinated. Benefits include:

1. Comprehensive Support

Overlapping services can ensure that victims receive holistic care. For example, one organization might provide legal assistance while another offers mental health counseling, addressing multiple dimensions of recovery.



2. Increased Accessibility

Overlapping services can make it easier for victims to access help. If one service is unavailable or overburdened, victims can turn to another provider offering similar support.

3. Specialization and Expertise

Different organizations may bring unique expertise to overlapping areas, ensuring high-quality care. For instance, one program might specialize in serving victims within the court system, or post-conviction, while another focuses on survivors of intimate partner violence or human trafficking.



- Foster collaborative growth
- Ensure a tailored and victimfocused experience
- Increase supportive services for victims and providers

4. Redundancy as a Safety Net

- In communities with high rates of victimization, overlapping services can act as a safety net, ensuring that no victim falls through the cracks due to resource limitations or gaps in service availability.
- In rural communities, where services are limited and geographical coverage is large, overlapping services can act as a safety net and provides additional support to victims, and often, sole victim service providers.

Key to Success: Coordination

The positive impact of overlapping services depends on **coordination and communication** among service providers. Best practices include:

- Referral systems: Ensuring victims are directed to the most appropriate services for their needs.
- Collaboration: Sharing resources and information to avoid unnecessary duplication while maintaining complementary services.
- **Community partnerships**: Building networks among service providers to address gaps and overlaps strategically.

The Warm Handoff

A warm handoff refers to a direct, personal transition of care or services from one provider to another, ensuring continuity and trust in the process. This approach is particularly valuable in victim services, where individuals may already be in vulnerable or distressed state. Let's talk about some key benefits of implementing warm handoffs between victim service providers:



1. Build Trust and Reduces Anxiety

A warm handoff involves a personal introduction between the victim and the next service provider, often conducted face-to-face or via a phone call. This personal connection helps reduce the anxiety victims may feel when transitioning to a new provider. It also fosters trust, as the victim sees a seamless collaboration between providers, which can make them feel more supported and less isolated





2. Improves Service Engagement



Victims are more likely to engage with the next service provider when a warm handoff is conducted. Traditional referrals often leave individuals to navigate the system on their own, which can be overwhelming, especially for those dealing with trauma. A warm handoff ensures that the victim is not left to make the connection independently, increasing the likelihood that they will follow through with the services offered.



3. Enhances Continuity of Care



Warm handoffs ensure that critical information about the victim's needs, history, and preferences is communicated directly between providers. This reduces the risk of miscommunication or gaps in care, which can occur with standard referrals. By maintaining continuity, the victim receives more tailored and effective support.

4. Reduces Stigma and Barriers to Access

Victims may face stigma or logistical challenges when accessing certain services, such as housing, mental health care, or substance abuse treatment. A warm handoff helps bridge these gaps by providing a supportive transition, making it easier for victims to access services that might otherwise feel intimidating or inaccessible.

5. Strengthens Collaboration Between Providers

The warm handoff process fosters stronger relationships and communication between service providers. This collaboration not only benefits the victim but also enhances the overall effectiveness of the support network, ensuring that all parties are aligned in their efforts to assist the individual



Best Practice

In summary, warm handoffs are a critical best practice in victim services, as they prioritize the victim's emotional well-being, improve engagement with services, and ensure a seamless and supportive transition between providers.



Summary

Overlapping services—when well-coordinated—can enhance the quality and accessibility of support for victims. By fostering collaboration and leveraging the strengths of different organizations, overlapping services can create a more robust and effective safety net for those in need while a warm handoff between providers creates a sense of safety and stability for the survivor.

One More Thing

HANDLE WITH CARE

What if our language was similar? Often, more than one service provider is engaged with a survivor. This overlapping of services assists in wrap around support for the survivor and strengthens the safety net.

We can't always share information, but we can utilize a shared language. If a survivor is struggling, what if we used the term: HANDLE WITH CARE?

What if we extend that between providers, who could also be fighting a battle and let each other know that we may need extra care? This is extending a trauma informed practice to the healers so we can support and lift up each other.



Thank you Feedback?

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